1. Вставить определенный или неопределенный артикль в пропуски
1) There is book on the table book is interesting.
There is a book on the table. The book is interesting.
2) There is boy waiting for you in the hallboy comes for the second time.
There is a boy waiting for you in the hall. The boy comes for the second
time.
3) It is rainingrain is heavy.
It is raining. The rain is heavy.
4) I know lady who is sitting there.
I know the lady who is sitting there.
5) He is good student student like him is our pride.
He is a good student. The student like him is our pride.
6) She is best student of our college.
She is the best student of our college.
7) I have dog, and my cousin has cat.
I have a dog, and my cousin has a cat.
8)sun is shining brightly sky is blue.
The sun is shining brightly. The sky is blue.
9) Mr. Johnson is writing new novelnovel he is writing is original.
Mr. Johnson is writing a new novel. The novel he is writing is original.
II. Употребить Present Perfect или Past Simple в следующих предложениях.
1) I (know) her for six years.
I (know) him when I was at school.
I have known her for six years.
I knew him when I was at school.
2) He (live) in Paris from 1997 to 2000.
He (live) in New York since 2001.
He lived in Paris from 1997 to 2000.

He has lived in New York since 2001.
3) I (not see) Peter for ages!
I (not see) Peter last night.
I haven't seen Peter for ages!
I didn't see Peter last night.
4) We (be) at primary school from 1993 to 1998.
We (be) in this class since September.
We were at primary school from 1993 to 1998.
We have been in this class since September.
5) I (not watch) this video yet.
I (not watch) a video at the weekend.
I haven't watched this video yet.
I didn't watch a video at the weekend.
III. Закончить вопросительное предложение, употребив Present Perfect или Present Perfect Continuous.
1) My friend is waiting for me at the station. How long?
How long has he been waiting?
2) Mother is making a cream cake. How long it?
How long has she been making it?
3) Bill is travelling in Europe at present. How many countries?
How many countries has he visited?
4) My parents are painting the floor. How long it?
How long have they been painting it?
5) They are married. How long?
How long have they been married?

IV. Поставить глагол в скобках в нужную форму с учетом правил согласования времен и перевести предложения.

1) Our neighbour said his name (be) Fred.

Our neighbour said his name was Fred.

(Наш сосед сказал, что его зовут Фред.)

2) He said he (be) tired.

He said he was tired.

(Он сказал, что устал.)

3) I thought you (call) the doctor.

I thought you had called the doctor.

(Я думал, что ты вызвал врача.)

4) Jane said she (can't afford) to buy a new car.

Jane said she couldn't afford to buy a new car.

(Джейн сказала, что не может позволить себе покупку новой машины.)

5) She asked me how many books I (read) last month.

She asked me how many books I had read last month.

(Она спросила меня, сколько книг я прочитал в прошлом месяце.)

6) I wondered why Sam (leave) without saying a word.

I wondered why Sam had left without saying a word.

(Мне было интересно, почему Сэм ушел, не сказав ни слова.)

V. Выберите верный вариант глагола и переведите предложения.

1) I knew that my sister ... (have/has/had) a problem.

(Я знал, что у моей сестры была проблема.)

2) I know that my sister ... (have/has/had) a problem.

(Я знаю, что у моей сестры проблема.)

3) I knew that my sister ... (will have/would have/had) a problem soon.

(Я знал, что у моей сестры скоро возникнет проблема.)

4) He said he ... (lived/has lived/had lived) in Moscow since 2005.

(Он сказал, что живет в Москве с 2005 года.)

5) She asks me if the flight ... (<u>has been cancelled</u>/had been cancelled/been cancelled).

(Она спрашивает меня, не отменен ли вылет.)

6) She asked me if the flight ... (has been cancelled/<u>had been cancelled</u>/was cancelled).

(Она спросила меня, не отменен ли вылет.)

7) Nobody knew what ... (will happen/would happen/happens) next.

(Никто не знал, что произойдет дальше.)

8) Mike said that he ... (hasn't met/didn't meet/<u>hadn't met</u>) Helen since they parted.

(Майк сказал, что не встречал Хелен с тех пор, как они расстались.)